

**OD-19c-AW: Oracle Database 19c:  
Administration Workshop**

Course Code: OD-19c-AW

Duration: 5 days

Instructor-led Training (ILT) | Virtual Instructor-  
led Training (VILT)**OVERVIEW**

This course provides detailed information on the architecture of an Oracle Database instance and database, enabling you to effectively manage your database resources. You learn how to create database storage structures appropriate for the business applications supported by your database. In addition, you learn how to create users and administer database security to meet your business requirements. Basic information on backup and recovery techniques is presented in this course. To provide an acceptable response time to users and manage resources effectively, you learn how to monitor your database and manage performance.

**SKILLS COVERED**

- Describe Oracle Database architecture
- Describe Oracle Database Cloud Service (DBCS) architecture and features
- Create and manage DBCS database deployments
- Configure the database to support your applications
- Manage database security and implement auditing
- Implement basic backup and recovery procedures
- Move data between databases and files
- Employ basic monitoring procedures and manage performance

**WHO SHOULD ATTEND?**

This Oracle Database 19c Administration course is for anyone who needs to administer, monitor and support an Oracle database.

**PREREQUISITES**

- Should have an understanding of relational database concepts and good operating system knowledge.
- Should have attended the Oracle SQL course or have a good working knowledge of Oracle SQL.

**MODULES****Module 1: Introduction to Oracle Database**

- Objectives
- Oracle Database Server Architecture: Overview
- Oracle Multitenant Container Database: Introduction
- Oracle Multitenant Container Database: Architecture
- Oracle Database Instance Configurations
- Database Sharding: Introduction
- Oracle Database Server: Interactive Architecture Diagram
- Summary

**Module 2: Accessing an Oracle Database**

- Objectives
- Connecting to an Oracle Database Instance
- Oracle Database Tools
- Database Tool Choices
- SQL\*Plus
- Oracle SQL Developer
- Oracle SQL Developer: Connections
- Oracle SQL Developer: DBA Actions
- Database Configuration Assistant (DBCA)

- Oracle Enterprise Manager Database Express
- Enterprise Manager Cloud Control 13c Features
- Oracle Enterprise Manager Component Overview
- Single Pane of Glass for Enterprise Management
- Oracle Enterprise Manager Database Management
- Summary

### **Module 3: Creating an Oracle Database by Using DBCA**

- Objectives
- Planning the Database
- Choosing a Database Template
- Choosing the Appropriate Character Set
- How Are Character Sets Used?
- Setting NLS\_LANG Correctly on the Client
- Using the Database Configuration Assistant
- Using DBCA in Silent Mode
- Summary
- Practice Overview

### **Module 4: Creating an Oracle Database by Using a SQL Command**

- Objectives
- Creating a Container Database (CDB)
- Creating a CDB by Using a SQL Command: Example
- Using the SEED FILE\_NAME\_CONVERT Clause
- Using the ENABLE PLUGGABLE DATABASE Clause
- Summary
- Practice Overview

### **Module 5: Starting Up and Shutting Down a Database Instance**

- Objectives

- Starting the Oracle Database Instance
- Shutting Down an Oracle Database Instance
- Comparing SHUTDOWN Modes
- Opening and Closing PDBs
- Configuring PDBs to Automatically Open
- Summary
- Practice Overview

### **Module 6: Managing Database Instances**

- Objectives
- Working with Initialization Parameters
- Initialization Parameters
- Modifying Initialization Parameters
- Viewing Initialization Parameters
- Working with the Automatic Diagnostic Repository
- Automatic Diagnostic Repository
- Viewing the Alert Log
- Using Trace Files
- Administering the DDL Log File
- Querying Dynamic Performance Views
- Considerations for Dynamic Performance Views
- Data Dictionary: Overview
- Querying the Oracle Data Dictionary
- Summary
- Practice Overview

### **Module 7: Oracle Net Services: Overview**

- Objectives
- Connecting to the Database Instance
- Oracle Net Services: Overview
- Defining Oracle Net Services Components
- Tools for Configuring and Managing Oracle Net Services
- Oracle Net Listener: Overview
- The Default Listener
- Comparing Dedicated and Shared Server Architecture
- Summary

**Module 8: Configuring Naming Methods**

- Objectives
- Establishing Oracle Network Connections
- Connecting to an Oracle Database Instance
- Name Resolution
- Establishing a Connection
- User Sessions
- Naming Methods
- Easy Connect
- Local Naming
- Directory Naming
- Using Database Services to Manage Workloads
- Creating Database Services
- Summary
- Practice Overview

**Module 9: Configuring and Administering the Listener**

- Objectives
- Review: Oracle Net Services Overview
- Oracle Net Listener: Overview
- The Default Listener
- Configuring Dynamic Service Registration
- Configuring Static Service Registration
- Summary
- Practice Overview

**Module 10: Configuring a Shared Server Architecture**

- Objectives
- Shared Server Architecture: Overview
- Comparing Dedicated and Shared Server Architecture: Review
- Enabling Shared Server
- Controlling Shared Server Operations
- SGA and PGA Usage
- Shared Server Configuration Considerations
- Summary

- Practice Overview

**Module 11: Configuring Oracle Connection Manager for Multiplexing and Access Control**

- Objectives
- Oracle Connection Manager: Overview
- Oracle Connection Manager Processes
- Oracle Connection Manager: Architecture
- Using Filtering Rules
- Implementing Intranet Access Control
- Implementing Internet Access Control
- Using Session Multiplexing
- Configuring Oracle Connection Manager
- Configuring the cman.ora File
- Example of a cman.ora File
- Configuring Clients
- Configuring the Database Server
- Configuring the Database Server for Multiplexing (Optional)
- Using the Oracle Connection Manager Control Utility
- Review of Oracle Connection Manager Features
- Summary
- Practice Overview

**Module 12: Creating PDBs from Seed**

- Objectives
- Provisioning New Pluggable Databases
- Tools
- Creating a New PDB from PDB\$SEED
- Using the FILE\_NAME\_CONVERT Clause
- Using OMF or the PDB\_FILE\_NAME\_CONVERT Parameter
- Summary
- Practice Overview

**Module 13: Using Other Techniques to Create PDBs**

- Objectives
- Cloning Regular PDBs 3 Migrating Data from a Non-CDB into a CDB

- Plugging a Non-CDB into CDB Using DBMS\_PDB
- Replicating a Non-CDB into a CDB by Using GoldenGate
- Cloning a Non-CDB or Remote PDB
- Using DBCA to Clone a Remote PDB
- Plugging an Unplugged Regular PDB into CDB
- Plugging in a PDB Using an Archive File
- Cloning Remote PDBs in Hot Mode
- Near-Zero Downtime PDB Relocatio
- Using DBCA to Relocate a Remote PDB
- Proxy PDB: Query Across CDBs Proxying Root Replica
- Creating a Proxy PDB
- Summary
- Practice Overview

#### Module 14: Managing PDBs

- Objectives
- Changing the PDB Mode
- Modifying PDB Settings
- Impact of Changing Initialization Parameters
- Changing Initialization Parameters: Example
- Using the ALTER SYSTEM Command in a PDB
- Configuring Host Name and Port Number per PDB
- Dropping PDBs
- Summary
- Practice Overview

#### Module 15: Database Storage Overview

- Objectives
- Database Storage Architecture
- Logical and Physical Database Structures
- Segments, Extents, and Blocks
- Tablespaces and Data Files
- Default Tablespaces in a Multitenant Container Database
- SYSTEM and SYSAUX Tablespaces

- Types of Segments
- How Table Data Is Stored
- Database Block Content
- Understanding Deferred Segment Creation
- Controlling Deferred Segment Creation
- Monitoring Tablespace Space Usage
- Summary

#### Module 16: Creating and Managing Tablespaces

- Objectives
- Creating Tablespaces
- Creating a Tablespace: Clauses
- Creating Permanent Tablespaces in a CDB
- Defining Default Permanent Tablespaces
- Temporary Tablespaces
- Altering and Dropping Tablespaces
- Viewing Tablespace Information
- Implementing Oracle Managed File (OMF)
- Enlarging the Database
- Moving or Renaming Online Data Files
- Examples: Moving and Renaming Online Data Files
- Summary
- Practice Overview

#### Module 17: Improving Space Usage

- Objectives
- Space Management Features
- Block Space Management
- Row Chaining and Migration
- Free Space Management Within Segments
- Allocating Extents
- Using Unusable Indexes
- Using Temporary Tables
- Creating Global Temporary Tables
- Creating Private Temporary Tables
- Table Compression: Overview
- Table Compression: Concepts

- Compression for Direct-Path Insert Operations
- Advanced Row Compression for DML Operations
- Specifying Table Compression
- Using the Compression Advisor
- Resolving Space Usage Issues
- Reclaiming Space by Shrinking Segments
- Shrinking Segments
- Results of a Shrink Operation
- Managing Resumable Space Allocation
- Using Resumable Space Allocation
- Resuming Suspended Statements
- What Operations Are Resumable?
- Summary
- Practice Overview

#### **Module 18: Managing Undo Data**

- Objectives
- Undo Data: Overview
- Transactions and Undo Data
- Storing Undo Information
- Comparing Undo Data and Redo Data
- Managing Undo
- Comparing SHARED Undo Mode and LOCAL Undo Mode
- Configuring Undo Retention
- Categories of Undo
- Guaranteeing Undo Retention
- Changing an Undo Tablespace to a Fixed Size
- Temporary Undo: Overview
- Temporary Undo Benefits
- Enabling Temporary Undo
- Monitoring Temporary Undo
- Summary
- Practice Overview

#### **Module 19: Creating and Managing User Accounts**

- Objectives
- Database User Accounts
- Oracle-Supplied Administrator Accounts

- Creating Oracle Database Users in a Multitenant Environment
- Creating Common Users in the CDB and PDBs
- Creating Schema Only Accounts
- Authenticating Users
- Using Password Authentication
- Using Password File Authentication
- Using OS Authentication
- OS Authentication for Privileged Users
- Assigning Quotas
- Summary
- Practice Overview

#### **Module 20: Configuring Privilege and Role Authorization**

- Objectives
- Privileges
- System Privileges
- System Privileges for Administrators
- Object Privileges
- Granting Privileges in a Multitenant Environment
- Granting Privileges: Example
- Using Roles to Manage Privileges
- Assigning Privileges to Roles and Assigning Roles to Users
- Oracle-Supplied Roles
- Granting Roles in a Multitenant Environment
- Granting Roles: Example
- Making Roles More Secure
- Revoking Roles and Privileges
- Granting and Revoking System Privileges
- Granting and Revoking Object Privileges
- Summary
- Practice Overview

#### **Module 21: Configuring User Resource Limits**

- Objectives
- Profiles and Users
- Creating Profiles in a Multitenant Architecture

- Creating Profiles: Example
- Profile Parameters: Resources
- Profile Parameters: Locking and Passwords
- Oracle-Supplied Password Verification Functions
- Assigning Profiles in a Multitenant Architecture
- Summary
- Practice Overview

## Module 22: Implementing Oracle Database Auditing

- Objectives
- Database Security
- Monitoring for Compliance
- Types of Activities to be Audited
- Mandatorily Audited Activities
- Understanding Auditing Implementation
- Viewing Audit Policy Information
- Value-Based Auditing
- Fine-Grained Auditing
- FGA Policy
- Audited DML Statement: Considerations
- FGA Guidelines
- Archiving and Purging the Audit Trail
- Purging Audit Trail Records
- Summary
- Practice Overview

## Module 23: Introduction to Loading and Transporting Data

- Objectives
- Moving Data: General Architecture
- Oracle Data Pump: Overview
- Oracle Data Pump: Benefits
- SQL Loader: Overview
- Summary

## Module 24: Loading Data

### Objectives

- SQL Loader: Review
- Creating the SQL\*Loader Control File
- SQL\*Loader Loading Methods
- Protecting Against Data Loss
- SQL\*Loader Express Mode
- Using SQL\*Loader to Load a Table in a PDB
- Summary
- Practice Overview

## Module 25: Transporting Data

- Objectives
- Data Pump Export and Import Clients
- Data Pump Interfaces and Modes
- Data Pump Import Transformations
- Using Oracle Data Pump with PDBs
- Exporting from a Non-CDB and Importing into a PDB
- Exporting and Importing Between PDBs
- Full Transportable Export/Import
- Full Transportable Export/Import: Example
- Transporting a Database Over the Network: Example
- Using RMAN to Transport Data Across Platforms
- RMAN CONVERT Command
- Transporting Data with Minimum Downtime
- Transporting a Tablespace by Using Image Copies
- Determining the Endian Format of a Platform
- Transporting Data with Backup Sets
- Transporting a Tablespace
- Transporting Inconsistent Tablespaces
- Database Transport: Data Files
- Transporting a Database
- Transporting a Database: Conversion
- Transporting a Database: Example
- Transporting a Database: Considerations
- Transporting a Database with Backup Sets
- Summary



- Practice Overview

### **Module 26: Using External Tables to Load and Transport Data**

- Objectives
- External Tables
- External Tables: Benefits
- ORACLE\_LOADER Access Driver
- ORACLE\_DATAPUMP Access Driver
- External Tables
- Viewing Information About External Tables
- Summary
- Practice Overview

### **Module 27: Automated Maintenance Tasks: Overview**

- Objectives
- Proactive Database Maintenance Infrastructure
- Automated Maintenance Tasks: Components
- Predefined Automated Maintenance Tasks
- Maintenance Windows
- Predefined Maintenance Windows
- Viewing Maintenance Window Details
- Automated Maintenance Tasks
- Summary

### **Module 28: Automated Maintenance Tasks: Managing Tasks and Windows**

- Objectives
- Configuring Automated Maintenance Tasks
- Enabling and Disabling Maintenance Tasks
- Creating and Managing Maintenance Windows
- Resource Allocations for Automated Maintenance Tasks
- Changing Resource Allocations for Maintenance Tasks

- Summary
- Practice Overview

### **Module 29: Database Monitoring and Tuning Performance Overview**

- Objectives
- Performance Management Activities
- Performance Planning Considerations
- Database Maintenance
- Automatic Workload Repository (AWR)
- Automatic Database Diagnostic Monitor (ADDM)
- Configuring Automatic ADDM Analysis at the PDB Level
- Advisory Framework
- Performance Tuning Methodology
- Summary

### **Module 30: Monitoring Database Performance**

- Objectives
- Server-Generated Alerts
- Setting Metric Thresholds
- Reacting to Alerts
- Alert Types and Clearing Alerts
- Database Server Statistics and Metrics
- Performance Monitoring
- Viewing Statistics Information
- Monitoring Wait Events
- Monitoring Sessions
- Monitoring Services
- Summary
- Practice Overview

### **Module 31: Database Processes**

- Objectives
- Process Architecture
- Process Structures
- Database Writer Process (DBWn & BWnn)
- Log Writer Process (LGWR & LGnn)
- Checkpoint Process (CKPT)
- System Monitor Process (SMON)
- Process Monitor Process (PMON)

- Process Manager (PMAN)
- Recoverer Process (RECO)
- Listener Registration Process (LREG)
- Manageability Monitor Process (MMON)
- Archiver Processes (ARCn)
- Interacting with an Oracle Database: Memory, Processes, and Storage
- Summary
- Practice Overview

### Module 32: Managing Memory

- Objectives
- Managing Memory Components
- Shared Pool
- Database Buffer Cache
- Redo Log Buffer
- Large Pool
- Java Pool
- Streams Pool
- Program Global Area (PGA)
- Managing Memory Components
- Efficient Memory Usage: Guidelines
- Automatic Memory Management
- Monitoring Automatic Memory Management
- Automatic Shared Memory Management
- Understanding Automatic Shared Memory Management
- Oracle Database Memory Parameters
- Managing the SGA for PDBs
- Managing the Program Global Area (PGA)
- Managing the PGA for PDBs
- Summary
- Practice Overview

### Module 33: Analyzing SQL and Optimizing Access Paths

- Objectives
- SQL Tuning Process
- Oracle Optimizer
- Optimizer Statistics

- Optimizer Statistics Collection
- Setting Optimizer Statistics Preferences
- Optimizer Statistics Advisor
- Optimizer Statistics Advisor Report
- Executing Optimizer Statistics Advisor Tasks
- SQL Plan Directives
- Adaptive Execution Plans
- SQL Tuning Advisor: Overview
- SQL Access Advisor: Overview
- SQL Performance Analyzer: Overview
- Managing Automated Tuning Tasks
- Summary
- Practice Overview

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